

London TravelWatch



The voice of London transport users

Introduction to London TravelWatch Janet Cooke, Chief Executive

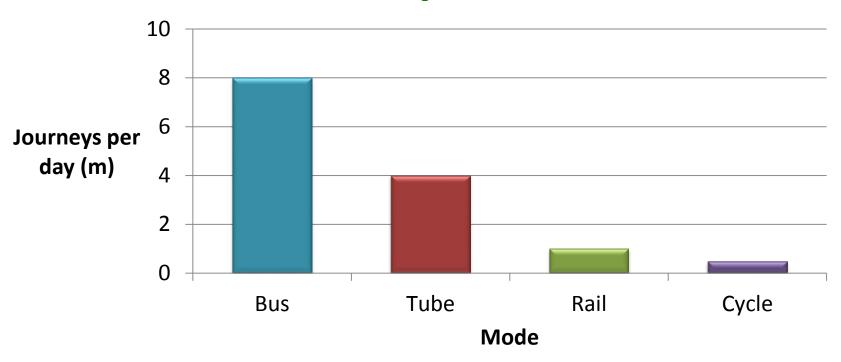


What is London TravelWatch?

- London Transport Users Committee (LTUC) 60+ years
- Non-political, independent consumer 'body corporate' set up by statute. 1999 GLA Act most recent substantive but several amendments (e.g. Railway Act 2005, Localism Act 2011)
- London Assembly fund and appoint Chair and Board
- Multi-modal & comprehensive remit London railway area and all TfL modes: Appeals, research, consultee, monitoring
- Particular expertise in transport interchanges/integrated ticketing – rail in London is highly integrated
- Bottom-up approach, observation backed up with research
- Budget £1.035m cf £1.6m 2010



We represent



13m people making 3.5bn journeys per annum:

- All TfL services and National Rail in the London Railway area
- Train: 1m journeys daily (70% of national total)
- Underground: 4m journeys daily
- Bus: 8m journeys daily (over 50% of national total)



The London Railway Area



(Crossrail Elizabeth Line only – Reading to Shenfield)



Our remit

- Issues raised by or on behalf of transport users
- Statutory appeals body for casework
- Statutory consultee in changes to transport infrastructure or services
- Statutory role in railway closures
- Statutory role to look into anything which "..appears to it that it is a matter it ought to investigate" - research
- No formal powers, only influence, but operators and providers are required to engage with us and most (generally) do



The London user experience

- Commuting times are longer than elsewhere in the country
- Passengers pay more proportionately of the cost of their journey compared to other regions. This makes value for money even more important
- Rail commuters are a captive market
- London rail passengers are the least satisfied
- Unlike the rest of the UK, most journeys are multi modal so ease of interchange is much more important
- The transport system is used more intensely than elsewhere and **crowding is the norm** even on pavements
- London has the largest smart ticketing system in the UK



Vision:

That London TravelWatch is the champion of the travelling public in London, successfully influencing decision making about travel in our area

Values:

London TravelWatch aims to be:

Independent – we will not bow to outside pressure

Authoritative – we will have an evidence base for all we do

Open – we will share information and accept new ideas

Collaborative – we will work with stakeholders

Inclusive – we will represent all transport users in our area



Our strategic objectives

- London has a transport system that is well-integrated and accessible to all, with convenient interchanges, easy-touse ticketing and good customer service
- That all decisions about transport in London take account of transport users' needs and priorities
- That the travelling public are well-informed by service providers, they get high quality and timely information about services available, fares and ticketing and any disruption to their journeys
- To support and advocate initiatives which make best use of scarce capacity on the network and promote infrastructure changes that will help to do this
- To be an efficient and responsive organisation



Our way of working

- Chair and 6 Board members give strategic oversight
- Strong consumer focus
- Emphasis on influence rather than profile
- Work demonstrably evidence based
- Being independent, and seen to be so, is critical
- Paying for our own travel and using public transport daily keeps us connected with those we represent
- Robust and analytical approach to casework
- Practical, pragmatic and outcome focused approach
- Mainly secondary research, some primary to fill gaps
- Work prioritisation criteria
- Funded by and accountable to the London Assembly via their Transport Committee



Transport Committee role re London TravelWatch

- Appoints Chair and Board
- Sets objectives for Chair
- May give guidance, exceptionally directions
- Funds London TravelWatch
- Involved in recruitment of CEO
- Approves annual business plan
- Requires twice yearly performance reports
- Memorandum of Understanding sets out relationship
- Nominates London rep. on Transport Focus board



Challenges past and present

- Scale of change
- Funding public sector generally
- London Assembly Review 2010, threat of abolition
- Funding, Board and staffing reductions
 - Budget £1.6m to £1.035
 - Board 12+Chair to 6+Chair
 - Staff 22.8 fte (CEO+3Ds) to 14 fte (CEO+1D)
 - Office moves 2012, 2014, 2018?
- Rebuilding capacity/corporate knowledge
- Increasing volumes of work because:
 - Changes of government / Mayoralty
 - Operator cut backs
 - Technology makes it 'easier' to complain
 - Rising passenger numbers and pressures on services

How we've changed since 2010

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- Strategic oversight, smaller Board
- Stronger consumer focus
- Emphasis on influence rather than profile
- Work more demonstrably evidence based
- Stronger work prioritisation criteria
- Closer working with Transport Committee:
 - More relationship building
 - Better sharing of work planning at an earlier stage
 - Contributing to scrutiny scoping/content
 - Keen to exploit further opportunities



Our Board



Stephen Locke Chair



John Stewart
Deputy Chair; Chair of Policy
Committee



Richard Dilks



Glyn Kyle

Awaiting image

Jackie Ballard

Awaiting image

Alan Benson

Awaiting image

Abdi Osman

New board members joining in January 2017



Board governance structure

Meeting Type	Number of meetings per annum	Public/Private
Board Meeting	6	Public (private session as needed)
Policy Committee	4	Public (private session as needed)
Governance Committee	4	Private
Chairs Group	4	Private
Informal Policy Briefings	4	Private
Chair-CEO 1:1	12	Private



Work planning cycle

- Majority of what we do is reactive incoming casework, responding to statutory consultations / fares announcements / Mayor's Transport Strategy / DfT's franchising programme / planned service disruption through engineering works, etc
- However, can predict when key events likely to happen and plan our work around these
- Annual business planning process is key:
 - September: agree business plan and budget bid for following financial year with Transport Committee
 - February / March: detailed work plan setting out how will deliver key objectives – more detailed than business plan
 - Board monitor progress quarterly
 - Twice yearly reports to Transport Committee on performance
- Board monitors performance quarterly at Governance Committee



How we organise the work

- Casework team (4.4 fte)
- Policy and Investigation team (3.8 fte)
- Communications (1)
- Board / business planning / compliance (1)
- Corporate support inc finance and HR (3)
- Chief Executive (0.8)

London Pensions Fund Authority (now known as Local Pension Partnership) provide us with accountancy support on a shared services arrangement.



Casework 2015/16

Volume

- 7,630 written and telephone enquiries and 856 appeals
- Noticeable increase in incoming work but fewer actual appeals
- Compared to previous years, fewer TfL appeals but more initials
- 16,000 public contacts re ticket office closure consultations (NR and LUL)

Type

 Majority of cases concerned service performance including delays and early departure, penalty fares, lack of available information at point of travel and operators' complaints handling

Approach

- Analysis of cases to decide how best / whether, to take cases forward
- Close working between Policy and Casework teams adds value
- Immediate aim to give good service to individual appellants but ultimate aim to improve areas of detriment for all passengers



Policy and Investigation

Approach

- Analysis of problem areas for passengers
- Liaison with TOCs/DfT/TfL/Boroughs at regular meetings –ad hoc for urgent issues
- Close work with the casework team
- Use a very broad evidence base
- All research on published on website (most printed as well)

Key work in 2016

- Promoting good practice at interchanges / surface access to London's airports
- Review of impact on passengers of LUL ticket office closures for Mayor
- User input into new DfT franchises/TfL concessions
- Performance monitoring TfL and National Rail naming and shaming
- Promoting accessibility station rebuilds, bus stops, decluttering pavements
- Promoting bus priority measures / giving users a voice
- Lobbying for rail passengers –simpler fare structures, 15 delay compensation, devolution to TfL



Conclusions

- Small organisation with very wide remit great value for money
- Undergone huge change in recent years impact on staff but still delivered
- Would be nice to focus primarily on user rather than organisational issues but budget cuts, rent increases and impending new work may make this unlikely
- Lots changing re transport and for users, exciting time
- Real opportunity to improve quality of life for Londoners, because overall aim is



Overall aim to achieve ...



A better experience for the travelling public in London